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Sir:

Enclosed herewith for filing is the patent application of Leandre Adifon, Richard N. Fargo, Thomas E. Landry, James A. Rivera, Bruce St. Pierre, Bruce P. Swaybill

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02/03/00

Title: ELEVATOR STRUCTURE MOUNTING SYSTEM HAVING HORIZONTAL MEMBER FOR REDUCING BUILDING LOADS AT TOP OF HOISTWAY

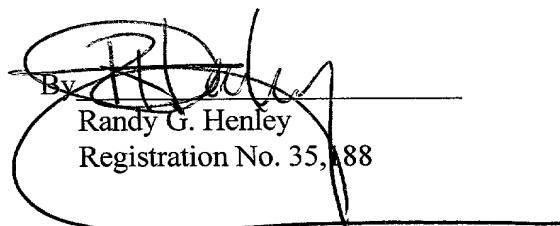
Enclosed is/are 2 sheets of [X] informal [ ] formal drawings.

CLAIMS AS FILED				
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ELEVATOR STRUCTURE MOUNTING SYSTEM HAVING  
HORIZONTAL COMPRESSION MEMBER FOR REDUCING  
BUILDING LOADS AT TOP OF HOISTWAY

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TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates to elevators and, more specifically, to an elevator system structural support for providing reaction forces to bolt tension and moment forces associated with elevator components attached to a building structure.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Traditional elevator systems have machine rooms located overhead in the elevator hoistway or shaft for housing the lifting motor, drive system and various other components. The terminal ends of elevator ropes that attach overhead are typically located in the machine room. Typical machine rooms provide ample space for elevator rope termination hitches having configurations capable of supporting substantial vertical loads.

Elevator systems of the type having no machine room are limited in overhead space. Thus, machine and rope terminations located at the top of the hoistway must be designed to fit within a relatively confined area while providing support for substantial vertical loads. Such vertical loads are supported by the elevator rails or similar structures. The resultant vertical load is concentrated toward the inside of the hoistway, generally coincident with the centers of mass of the elevator car and counterweight. The resultant vertical load, therefore, causes a moment force applied to the support structures. The moment is typically reacted through tensile loading of brackets, and bolts attaching the brackets to the hoistway walls, near the top of the hoistway. Such tensile loading requires significant hoistway wall strength, thereby increasing building cost.

## OBJECTS AND SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is an object of the invention, therefore, to provide an elevator system having structural means to alleviate or eliminate moment loads or tensile loads resulting from the same in elevator structure connections to building structures.

5 It is a further object of the present invention to provide an elevator system that reduces building cost requirements by minimizing moment and tensile loads resulting from elevator structure connections.

10 These objects and others are achieved by the present invention elevator system.

The present invention is directed to a structural system for elevator assemblies including a horizontal compression member positioned near the top of the hoistway for reacting to inwardly directed tension loads and moment forces applied to the hoistway wall and connection components resulting from the elevator vertical load. The horizontal compression member comprises a member positioned in a compression state between mounting structures for elevator ropes and elevator machine components such that the compression member reacts and counters inwardly directed horizontal forces and resultant moment forces caused by a centralized, downward vertical load.

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## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

25 Fig. 1 is a partial, schematic view of an elevator system having a compression member according to a preferred embodiment of the present invention.

Fig. 2 is a partial, schematic side view of an elevator system according to Fig. 1.

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## DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

An elevator system (10) illustrating a horizontal compression member (12) according to the present invention is shown in Fig. 1. The elevator system (10) includes an elevator hoistway (14) having four walls, one of which is shown cut-away in Fig. 1. A set of elevator

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mounting brackets (16, 18) are provided as mounting means for mounting the elevator assembly components to the inside walls of the hoistway (14). The elevator assembly includes the elevator machine (22), various sheaves (24), the elevator car (26) suspended by ropes (30), and rails (20). Vertically aligned elevator rails (20) run along the inside hoistway walls and may be positioned to support some or most of the vertical load resulting from the elevator assembly. Bolts (28) are utilized to fix the brackets (16, 18) to the inside hoistway walls. Under normal conditions, the bolts (28) are subject to tension loading, as the resultant vertical load of the elevator assembly is directed downwardly and is concentrated in the approximate center of the hoistway, thereby resulting in moment forces at the vertical support points at the inside hoistway walls. The tension loading is also transmitted from the bolts (28) through the brackets (16, 18) to the point at which the vertically-loaded elements are attached to the brackets (16, 18).

The compression member (12) according to the present invention is provided in such a manner so as to be compressed in between the vertical load bearing structures, such as the brackets (16, 18), elevator rails (20), or similar structures that suspend the vertical load. By spanning the horizontal distance between the brackets (16, 18) the compression member (12) counters the inwardly-directed tension loads in the bolts (28) that result from the moment caused by the elevator assembly vertical load.

The compression member (12) may be rigid as illustrated in FIG. 25 1. However, it will be clear to one skilled in the art that the compression member (12) may also be compliant. For example, a spring loaded telescoping beam, pre-loaded near or above the tension loads may also be used.

Referring to Fig. 2, the compression member (12) is illustrated as 30 spanning, in compression, the horizontal distance between the brackets (16, 18) which support rope hitch ends (34) and the counterweight (32) and the elevator car (26). The compression member (12) may similarly be positioned between elevator machine mounting hardware or other structures, such as the elevator rails (20). The resultant vertical load of 35 the elevator system (10), represented by the vector arrow (36) causes resultant moment forces represented by the vector arrows (38, 40) that

are countered by the compression forces (42, 44) of the compression member (12). The resultant tension forces (46, 48) transmitted through the bolts (28) are also countered by the compression forces (42, 44).

The compression member (12) may be made from any suitable 5 material that provides sufficient compression strength and durability, such as structural steel.

It is possible to position one or more compression members of the type described herein according to the present invention in different locations from that specifically presented herein in the preferred 10 embodiment, while effectively countering resultant tension and moment forces caused by vertical loads. For example, in machineroom-less elevator systems, the vertical loads of the elevator machine (22) and other equipment, e.g., controllers and dead end hitches for an elevator car, are often supported by brackets attached to the elevator guide rails 15 (20). The guide rails (20) pass the vertical loads down through the building to the pit. In this configuration, there are minimal attachments to the walls, and the moment loads are concentrated on the guide rails (20). Therefore, in this exemplary embodiment, the optimal location for the horizontal compression member (12) is between the guide rails (20) 20 themselves.

While the preferred embodiment of the present invention has been herein disclosed and described, modification and variation may be made without departing from the scope of the presently claimed invention.

## CLAIMS

### WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

5      1. An elevator system comprising  
          an elevator assembly suspended by elevator ropes having ends  
          suspended with respect to a rigid structure; and  
          a compression member positioned with respect to said rigid  
          structure in such a manner so as to counter resultant forces applied to  
10     said rigid structure due to a vertical load.

2.     An elevator system according to claim 1, wherein  
          said resultant forces include moment forces and inwardly-  
          directed, generally horizontal tension forces.

15     3.     An elevator system according to claim 1, wherein  
          said compression member is generally horizontally aligned.

4.     An elevator system according to claim 1, further comprising  
20     mounting brackets for attaching said elevator assembly to said  
          rigid structure.

5.     An elevator system according to claim 4, wherein  
          said compression member is positioned between said mounting  
25     brackets.

6.     An elevator system according to claim 5, wherein  
          said mounting brackets are positioned on opposite sides of said  
          elevator assembly.

30     7.     An elevator system according to claim 4, wherein  
          said elevator rope ends are suspended by said mounting  
          brackets.

8. An elevator system according to claim 1, wherein  
said compression member comprises a rigid compression  
member.

5 9. An elevator system according to claim 1, wherein  
said vertical load is attributable to said elevator car.

10. An elevator system according to claim 1, wherein  
said elevator assembly further comprises a pair of elevator guide  
10 rails having said compression member located therebetween.

11. A method of countering load reaction forces in a rigid structure  
caused by a vertical load attributable to an elevator assembly  
suspended from said rigid structure, said method comprising  
15 providing a compression member; and  
positioning said compression member between points on said  
rigid structure from which said elevator assembly is suspended.

12. A method according to claim 11, wherein  
20 said compression member is positioned generally horizontally.

13. A method according to claim 11, wherein  
said compression member is positioned between bracket  
structures that attach elevator rope ends to said rigid structure.

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## ABSTRACT

A structural system for elevator assemblies includes a horizontal compression member positioned near the top of the elevator hoistway for reacting to inwardly directed tension loads and moment forces applied to the hoistway wall and connection components resulting from the elevator vertical load. The horizontal compression member includes a rigid member positioned in a compression state between mounting structures for elevator ropes and elevator machine components such that the compression member reacts and counters inwardly directed horizontal forces and resultant moment forces caused by a centralized, downward vertical load.

FIG. 1

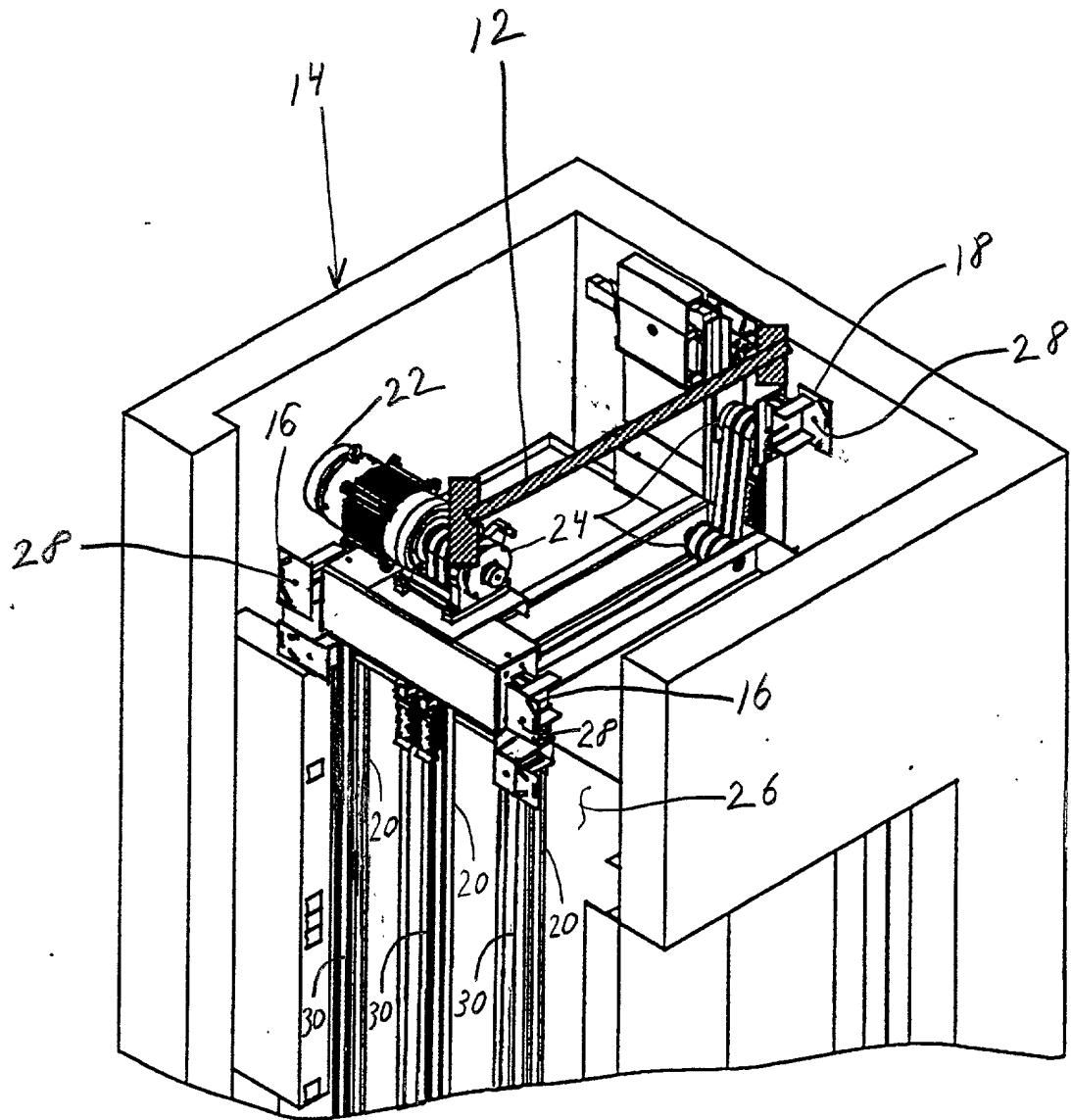
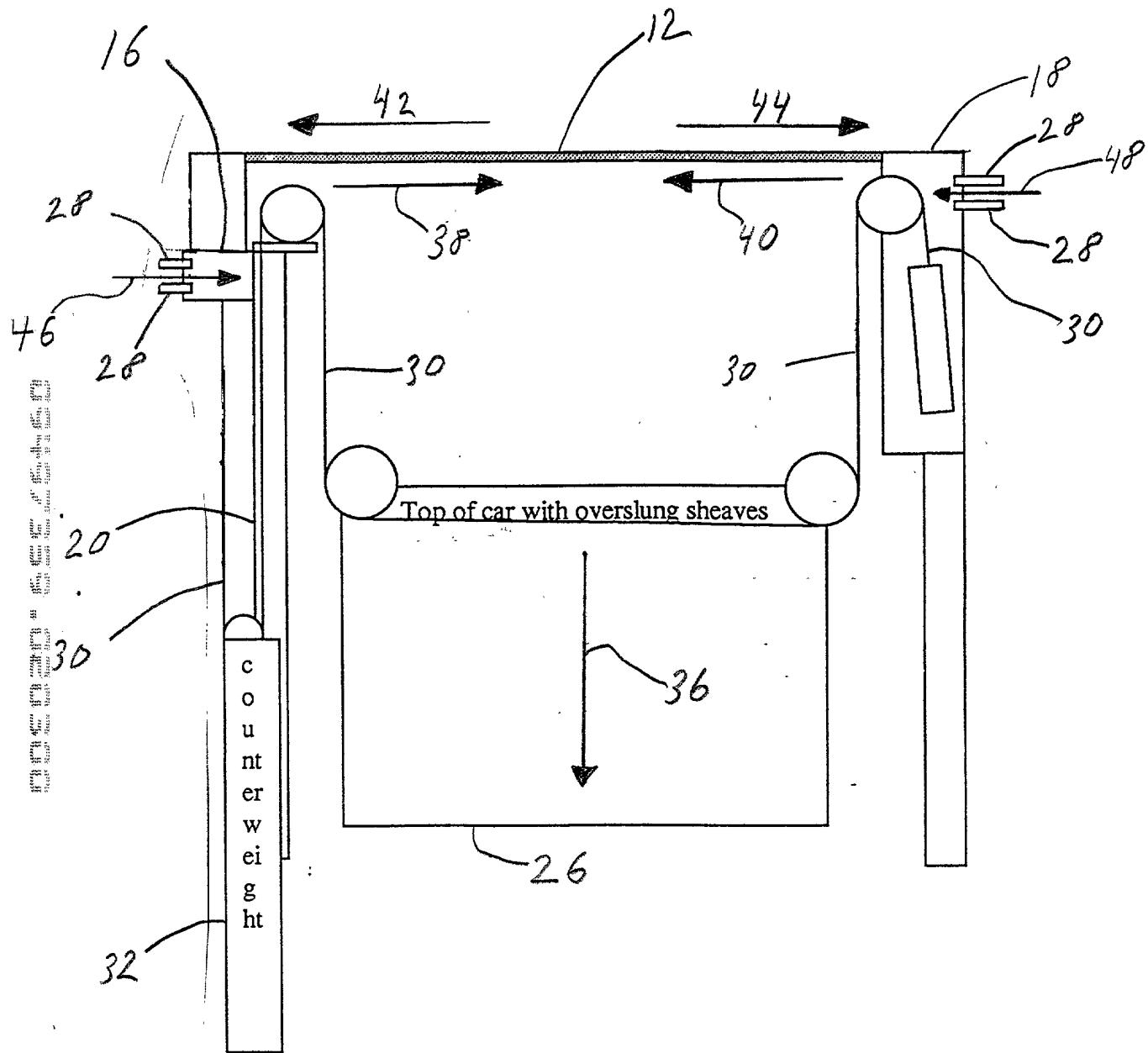


FIG 2



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COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF  
ATTORNEY IN ORIGINAL APPLICATION

DOCKET NO.  
OT-4538

I declare: that my residence and citizenship is as stated below next to my name; that I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only I am named below) or joint inventor (if plural inventors are named below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought in the specification entitled

**ELEVATOR STRUCTURE MOUNTING SYSTEM HAVING HORIZONTAL MEMBER  
FOR REDUCING BUILDING LOADS AT TOP OF HOISTWAY**

that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims; that I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in 37 C.F.R. §1.56; that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

I appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:

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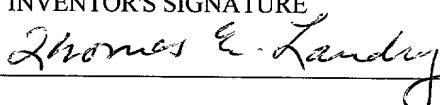
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